General Assembly shall be convened by Proclamation of the Governor, the session shall not continue longer than thirty days.

Sec. 7. No person shall be eligible as a Senator or Delegate, who, at the time of his election is not a citizen of the United States, and who has not resided at least three years next preceding the day of his election in this State, and the last year thereof in the county or city which he may be chosen to represent, if such county or city shall have been so long established, and if not, then in the county from which, in whole or in part, the same may have been formed; nor shall any person be eligible as a Senator unless he shall have attained the age of twenty-five years, nor as a Delegate unless he shall have attained the age of twenty-one years at the time of his election.

Sec. 8. No member of Congress or person holding any civil or military office under the United States, shall be eligible as a Senator or Delegate; and if any person shall, after his election as a Senator or Delegate, be elected to Congress, or be appointed to any office, civil or military under the Government of the United States, his acceptance thereof shall

vacate his seat.

Sec. 9. No minister or preacher of the Gospel of any denomination, or of any religious persuasion, society or sect, while he continues to serve as such; and no person holding any civil office of profit, or profit and trust under this State, shall be eligible to the office of

Senator or Delegate.

Sec. 10. Each House shall be judge of the qualifications and elections of its members, subject to the laws of the State-appoint its own officers, determine the rules of its own proceedings, punish a member for disorderly or disrespectful behavior, and with the consent of two-thirds of its whole number, expel a member; but no member shall be expelled a second time for the same offence.

Sec. 11. A majority of the whole number of each House shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day and compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalties as each

House may prescribe.

Sec. 12. The doors of each House and of Committees of the Whole shall be open except when the business is such as ought to be kept

Sec. 13. Each House shall keep a Journal of its Proceedings, and cause the same to be published. The yeas and nays of members on any question, shall, at the call of any five of them, in the House of Delegates, or one in the Senate, be entered on the Journal.

Sec. 14. Neither House shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days at any one time; nor to any other place than that in which the House shall be sitting, without the concurrent vote of two-

thirds of the members present.

Sec. 15. The style of all laws of this State shall be, "Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland," and all laws shall be passed by original bill, and every law enacted by the General Assembly shall embrace but one subject, and that shall be described in the title, and no law or section of law shall be revived, amended or repealed by reference to its title or section only; and it shall be the duty of the General Assembly in amending any article or section of the Code of laws of this State, to enact the same as the said article or section would read when amended; and whenever the General Assembly shall enact any Public General Law, not amendatory of any section or article in the said Code, it shall be the duty of General Assembly to enact the same in articles and sections, in the same manner as the said Code is arranged, and to provide for the publication of all additions and alterations which may be made to the said Code.

Sec. 16. Any bill may originate in either House of the General Assembly and be altered, amended or rejected by the other; but no bill shall originate in either House during the last three days of the session, or become a law, until it be read on three different days of the session in each House, unless threefourths of the members of the House where such bill is pending shall so determine. Sec. 17. No bill shall become a law unless

it be passed in each House by a majority of the whole number of members elected, and on its final passage, the ayes and noes be re-

corded.

Sec. 18. No money shall be drawn from the treasury of the State except in accordance with an appropriation made by law, and every such law shall distinctly specify the sum appropriated, and the object to which it shall be applied, provided that nothing herein contained shall prevent the General Assembly from placing a contingent fund at the disposal of the Executive, who shall report to the General Assembly at each session the amount expended and the purposes to which it was applied; an accurate statement of the receipts and expenditures of the public money shall be attached to and published with the laws after each regular session of the General Assembly.

Sec. 19. No divorce shall be granted by

the General Assembly.

Sec. 20. No debt shall hereafter be contracted by the General Assembly unless such debt shall be authorized by a law providing for the collection of an annual tax or taxes sufficient to pay the interest on such debt as it falls due, and also to discharge the principal thereof within fifteen years from the time of contracting the same, and the taxes laid for this purpose shall not be repealed or applied to any other object until the said debt and interest thereon shall be fully discharged, and the amount of debts so contracted and remain-